

Milton Road Primary School



Create. Inspire. Achieve.

Mathematics Policy



Introduction

Mathematics is a creative and highly inter-connected discipline that has been developed over centuries, providing the solution to some of history's most intriguing problems. It is essential to everyday life, critical to science, technology and engineering, and necessary for financial literacy and most forms of employment. A high-quality mathematics education therefore provides a foundation for understanding the world, the ability to reason mathematically, an appreciation of the beauty and power of mathematics, and a sense of enjoyment and curiosity about the subject. (National Curriculum 2014)

The aims of the 2014 National Curriculum are for our pupils to:

- Become fluent in the fundamentals of mathematics through varied and frequent practice with complexity increasing over time.
- Develop conceptual understanding and ability to recall and apply knowledge rapidly and accurately.
- Reason mathematically; follow a line of enquiry, conjecture relationships and generalisations.
- Develop an argument, justification and proof by using mathematical language.
- Problem solve by applying knowledge to a variety of routine and non-routine problems. Breaking down problems into simpler steps and persevering in answering.

The National Curriculum sets out year-by-year programmes of study for key stages 1 and 2. This ensures continuity and progression in the teaching of mathematics.

The EYFS Statutory Framework 2014 sets standards for the learning, development and care of children from birth to five years old and supports an integrated approach to early learning. This is supported by the 'Development matters' non statutory guidance.

The EYFS Framework in relation to mathematics aims for our pupils to:

- develop and improve their skills in counting
- understand and use numbers
- calculate simple addition and subtraction problems
- describe shapes, spaces, and measures

The purpose of mathematics in our school is to develop:

- positive attitudes towards the subject and awareness of the relevance of mathematics in the real world
- competence and confidence in using and applying mathematical knowledge, concepts and skills
- an ability to solve problems, to reason, to think logically and to work systematically and accurately
- initiative and motivation to work both independently and in cooperation with others

- confident communication of maths where pupils ask and answer questions, openly share work and learn from mistakes
- an ability to use and apply mathematics across the curriculum and in real life
- an understanding of mathematics through a process of enquiry and investigation

We aim to provide a stimulating and exciting learning environment that takes account of different learning styles and uses appropriate resources to maximise teaching & learning.

The way in which the teaching and learning of maths is promoted at our school is underpinned by our focus on our 6 key values of:

Respect ~ Responsibility ~ Kindness ~ Creativity ~ Curiosity ~ Confidence

In keeping with our key values, we recognise that an exciting and engaging maths curriculum supports the development of, and the expression of, curiosity as children explore numbers and their relationships, as well as key aspects of shape space and measure. In turn, it also supports the development of, and demonstration of, creativity as children consider different ways to respond to tasks and challenges, implementing their mathematical understanding and knowledge.

Breadth of study

Careful planning and preparation ensures that throughout the school children engage in:

- practical activities and games using a variety of resources
- problem solving to challenge thinking
- individual, paired, group and whole class learning and discussions
- purposeful practise where time is given to apply their learning
- open and closed tasks
- a range of methods of calculating e.g. mental, pencil & paper and using a calculator
- working with computers as a mathematical tool

Through our creative approach to teaching and learning we also seek to explore and utilise further opportunities to use and apply mathematics across all subject areas.

Teachers planning and organisation

Long term planning

The National Curriculum for Mathematics 2014, Development Matters and the Early Learning Goals (Number, Shape Space & Measure) provide the long term planning for mathematics taught in the school.

Medium term planning

Years 1-6 use Maths No Problem! schemes of learning, supported by White Rose Maths Hub as their medium term planning documents. These schemes provide teachers with exemplification for maths objectives and are broken down into fluency, reasoning and problem solving, key aims of the National Curriculum. They support a mastery approach to teaching and learning and have number at their heart. They ensure teachers stay in the required key stage and support the ideal of depth before breadth. They support pupils working together as a whole group and provide plenty of time to build reasoning and problem solving elements into the curriculum.

Short term planning

The above schemes of learning support daily lesson planning supported by a variety of teaching resources. EYFS planning is based on the medium term plans and delivered as appropriate to individual children with thought to where the children are now and what steps they need to take next. All classes have a daily mathematics lesson where possible. In key stage one lessons are 45-60 minutes and in key stage two at least 60 minutes.

Teachers of the EYFS ensure the children learn through a mixture of adult led activities and child initiated activities both inside and outside of the classroom. Mathematics is taught through an integrated approach.

Special educational needs & disabilities (SEND)

Daily mathematics lessons are inclusive to pupils with special educational needs and disabilities. Where required, children's ASP's incorporate suitable objectives from the National Curriculum for Mathematics or development Matters and teachers keep these in mind when planning work. These targets may be worked upon within the lesson as well as on a 1:1 basis outside the mathematics lesson. Maths focused intervention in school helps children with gaps in their learning and mathematical understanding. These are delivered by support staff and overseen by the Inclusion Coordinator and/or the class teacher. Within the daily mathematics lesson teachers have a responsibility to not only provide differentiated activities to support children with SEND but also activities that provide sufficient challenge for children who are high achievers. It is the teachers' responsibility to ensure that all children are challenged at a level appropriate to their ability.

Equal Opportunities

At Milton Road Primary School, we seek to ensure that positive attitudes towards mathematics are encouraged, so that all children, regardless of race, gender, ability or special needs, including those for whom English is a second language, develop an enjoyment and confidence with mathematics. This policy is in line with the school's 'Equality and Inclusion' policy. Our aim is to ensure that everyone makes progress and gains positively from lessons and to plan inclusive lessons. We know that lessons involving lots of visual, aural and kinaesthetic elements will benefit all children, including those for whom English is an additional language (EAL). Differentiated questions are used in lessons to help children, as well as planned support from Teaching Assistants and other adults.

Teaching - Lessons

In taught sessions, learning objectives and success criteria are clearly displayed and discussed. The emphasis in lessons is to make teaching interactive and lively, to engage all children encouraging them to talk about mathematics.

Lessons involve elements of:

- Instruction – giving information and structuring it well;
- Demonstrating – showing, describing and modelling mathematics using appropriate resources and visual displays;
- Explaining and illustrating – giving accurate and well-paced explanations;
- Questioning and discussing;
- Consolidating;
- Reflecting and evaluating responses – identifying mistakes and using them as positive teaching points;
- Summarising – reviewing mathematics that has been taught enabling children to focus on next steps

Active Maths

Milton Road has a focus of providing active opportunities to teach maths. 1 lesson a week will be taught in an 'active' manner, using the schools outside areas and practical resources to assist with the children's learning.

Pupils' Recording of work

Children are taught a variety of methods for recording their work and are encouraged and helped to use the most appropriate and convenient. Children are encouraged to use mental strategies and their own jottings before resorting to more formal written methods. We encourage the use of jottings to support their work throughout all year groups. Children will record their work in either individual exercise books or Maths No Problem! workbooks.

Out of class work and homework

Weekly mathematics homework, in Key Stage 2, provides opportunities for children to practise and consolidate their

skills and knowledge, to develop and extend their techniques and strategies. Online tasks are set via Seesaw and children have the opportunity to follow their own 'Pathway' via Century.

Marking

Marking of children's work is essential to ensure they make further progress. Work is marked against learning objectives, in line with the school marking policy, and feedback may include a clear reference to the next steps of learning for the child. Children are encouraged to self-assess their work and given time to read teachers' comments and make corrections or improvements. Responses to marking are made as close to the work as possible, ideally at the start of the next lesson. Some pieces of work in mathematics can be marked by the children themselves, with support and guidance from the teacher - e.g. exercises involving routine practice. Self-marking of this kind particularly takes place in years 5 & 6.

Assessment

Assessment is an integral part of teaching and learning and is a continuous process.

Teachers make assessments of children daily through;

- regular marking of work
- analysing errors and picking up on misconceptions
- asking questions and listening to answers
- facilitating and listening to discussions
- making observations

These ongoing assessments inform future planning and teaching. Lessons are adapted readily and short term planning evaluated in light of these assessments.

Medium and long term assessments

Termly assessments are carried out across the school using the assessment materials for each year group provided by PUMA, in line with the schemes of learning. These materials, used alongside judgements made from class work, support teachers in making a steps assessment for each child, which, in line with the assessment policy, they enter onto INSIGHT Assessment. Pupil Progress meetings are timetabled each term for all classes. Progress of pupils is discussed and appropriate intervention considered and put in place where appropriate.

Y2 and Y6 complete the national tests (SATs) in May. Y4 complete the Online Multiplication Tables Check - The purpose to determine whether year 4 pupils can fluently recall their multiplication tables and help to identify pupils who require additional support

Resources

Each class has a stock of core resources that are age appropriate. Additional mathematical equipment and resources are stored centrally in the resources room.

Role of the Maths Subject Leader

- To lead in the development of maths throughout the school.
- To monitor the planning, teaching and learning of mathematics throughout the school.
- To help raise standards in maths.
- To provide teachers with support in the teaching of mathematics.

- To provide staff with CPD opportunities in relation to maths within the confines of the budget and the School Improvement Plan
- To monitor and maintain high quality resources.
- To keep up to date with new developments in the area of mathematics

Gareth Williams – Maths Subject Leader